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ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. FIRST NAMED INVENTOR APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE 09/036,501 03/06/98 LOURIE D 42390.P5104 **EXAMINER** LM02/0602 ALLAN T SPONSELLER NGLIYEN_L PAPER NUMBER BLAKELY SOKOLOFF TAYLOR & ZAFMAN **ART UNIT** 12400 WILSHIRE BOULEVARD SEVENTH FLOOR 2712 LOS ANGELES CA 90025-1026 **DATE MAILED:** 06/02/00

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks

1- File Copy

Office Action Summary

Application No. 09/036,501

Applica...t(s)

Lourie et al.

Examiner

Luong Nguyen

Group Art Unit 2712

Responsive to communication(s) filed on	
☐ This action is FINAL .	
☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 193	
A shortened statutory period for response to this action is set is longer, from the mailing date of this communication. Failure application to become abandoned. (35 U.S.C. § 133). Extens 37 CFR 1.136(a).	to respond within the period for response will cause the
Disposition of Claims	
	is/are pending in the application.
Of the above, claim(s)	is/are withdrawn from consideration.
Claim(s)	is/are allowed.
	is/are rejected.
☐ Claim(s)	is/are objected to.
☐ Claims	are subject to restriction or election requirement.
Application Papers	
🛮 See the attached Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawin	ng Review, PTO-948.
X The drawing(s) filed on Mar 6, 1998 is/are object	cted to by the Examiner.
☐ The proposed drawing correction, filed on	is 🗀 pproved 🗀 disapproved.
$oxed{X}$ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.	
$\hfill\Box$ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	
☐ Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign priority	under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d).
☐ All ☐ Some* ☐ None of the CERTIFIED copies of	of the priority documents have been
received.	
 received in Application No. (Series Code/Serial Nu received in this national stage application from the 	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
*Certified copies not received:	
Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic prior	
Attachment(s)	
☑ Notice of References Cited, PTO-892	
☑ Information Disclosure Statement(s), PTO-1449, Paper N	No(s)4
☐ Interview Summary, PTO-413	
Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review, PTO-9	48
☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application, PTO-152	
SEE OFFICE ACTION ON	THE FOLLOWING PAGES

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DETAILED ACTION

Drawings

1. The drawings are objected to because the informalities addressed in form PTO 948.

In addition, in figure 1, "computer system 100", as disclosed in specification, page 8, should be labeled.

In figure 2, "reset circuitry 260" should be changed to --reset circuitry 265--.

Correction is required.

Specification

2. The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities:

In page 13, line 10, "frames are not the same" should be changed to --frames are the same--;

in page 15, line 13, "bus 100" should be changed to --bus 101--.

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless --

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(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

4. Claims 15- 16 and 18-28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Brown (US 5,455,561).

Regarding claim 16, Brown discloses a reset circuitry as circuitry for generating an alarm and/or turning on a video cassette recorder (figure 1, column 3, lines 28-29).

Regarding claims 18 and 24, Brown discloses the processor receives frames at s first frame rate when the electronic device is powered up and the processor receives frames at a second frame rate when the electronic device is not power up (column 5, lines 3-25, column 6, lines 63+).

Regarding claims 19 and 23, Brown discloses the processor determines the frame property when the electronic device is not powered up and does not determine the frame property when the electronic device is powered up (column 5, lines 3-26).

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Regarding claims 20 and 25, Brown discloses the property is an average brightness of the frame (column 3, lines 34-44).

Regarding claims 21 and 26, Brown discloses the processor compares frames by comparing a weighted average brightness of the consecutive frames (column 3, lines 34-44, column 4, lines 34-67).

Regarding claim 27, Brown discloses a video camera surveillance system comprising means for receiving a first frame and a second frame, disclosed as frame recorder 4 (figure 1, column 4, lines 34-67); means for determining a property for first frame and for second frame, disclosed as circuitry for discriminating between signals (figure 1, column 3, lines 20-40; column 4, lines 34-67); means for causing the electronic device to power up, disclosed as circuitry for generating an alarm and/or turning on a videocassette recorder (column 3, lines 20-40; column 5, lines 5-25).

Regarding claim 28, Brown discloses means for receiving frames at a reduced rate when the electronic device is powered down (column 5, lines 52-58).

Claim 22 is considered substantively equivalent to claim 27 discussed above.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

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(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

6. Claim 17 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Brown (US 5,455,561).

Regarding claim 17, Brown fails to explicitly disclose the electronic device is a computer. However, Brown discloses the electronic device is a video cassette recorder which is turned on/off by the video camera (figure 1, column 3, lines 20-30). Computer system is also an electronic device. Therefore, it would have been obvious to replace video cassette recorder by a computer system in order to control computer system by the video camera and save power when operating computer system.

7. Claims 29-32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Miyake (US 5,631,701) in view of Brown (US 5,455,561).

Regarding claim 29, Miyake discloses an image data transfer system comprising a bus, disclosed as cable 30 (figure 1, column 3, line 25); a processor, disclosed as CPU 130 (figure 1, column 4, line 4); a camera interface, disclosed as communication I/F 124 (figure 1, column 4, lines 5-10). Miyake discloses an electronic camera 10 (figure 1, column 3, lines 20-25). Miyake fails to explicitly disclose a video camera. However, Brown teaches a video surveillance system which has a video camera, a circuitry for generating an analog difference signal between frames, a circuitry for discriminating between signals and a circuitry for generating an alarm and/or

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turning on a video cassette recorder (figure 1, column 3, lines 20-30, column 4, lines 34-67). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the system in Miyake by the teaching of Brown in order to obtain a video surveillance system which alerts security personnel, and start video cassette recorders when an intruder or a fire is detected (column 1, lines 10-13).

Regarding claim 30, Brown discloses the property is an average brightness of the frame (column 3, lines 34-44).

Regarding claim 31, Brown discloses the property is a weighted average brightness (column 3, lines 34-44, column 4, lines 34-67).

Regarding claim 32, Brown discloses the processor receives frames at a reduced rate when the electronic device is powered down (column 5, lines 52-58).

Conclusion

8. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Hill et al. (US 5,471,239) disclose detecting scene changes.

Lai (US 5,610,580) discloses motion detection imaging device and method.

Ng (US 5,731,832) discloses apparatus and method for detecting motion in a video signal.

Endsley et al. (US 6,005,613) disclose multi-mode digital camera.

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9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Luong Nguyen whose telephone number is (703) 308-9297. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Wendy Garber, can be reach on (703) 305-4929.

Any response to this action should be mailed to:

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks Washington, D.C. 20231

or faxed to:

(703) 308-6306

or:

(703) 308-6296

Hand-delivered responses should be brought to Crystal Park II, 2121 Crystal drive, Arlington, VA., Sixth Floor (Receptionist).

LN LN 5/19/2000

Wendy Garber
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Technology Center 2700

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